Juvenile Salmon Habitat Use in the Bear Creek Watershed

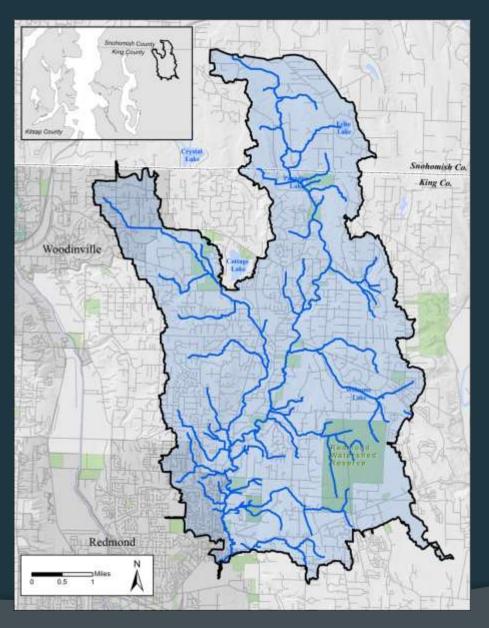






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Bear Creek Watershed



- 6 salmonid species
- Moderate-high quality habitats
- Bear Creek Watershed
 Stormwater Plan
- Habitat conditions and salmon use informs conservation strategies



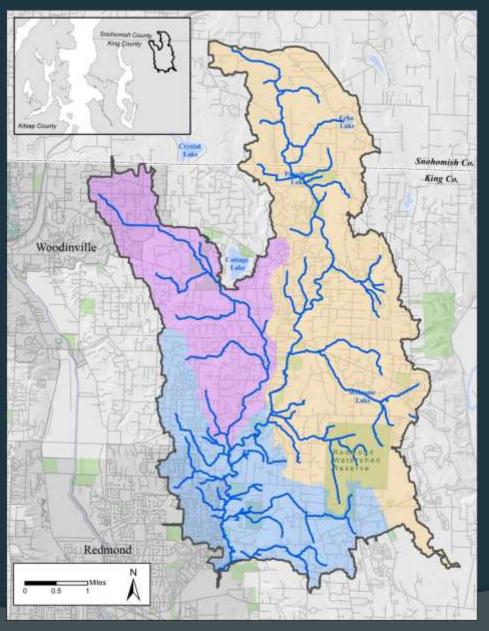
Study Objectives

- Characterize and map instream habitat types
- Sample habitat types for juvenile salmonids
- Evaluate juvenile salmon habitat use based on differences in relative abundance
- Integrate habitat-use with existing habitat conditions

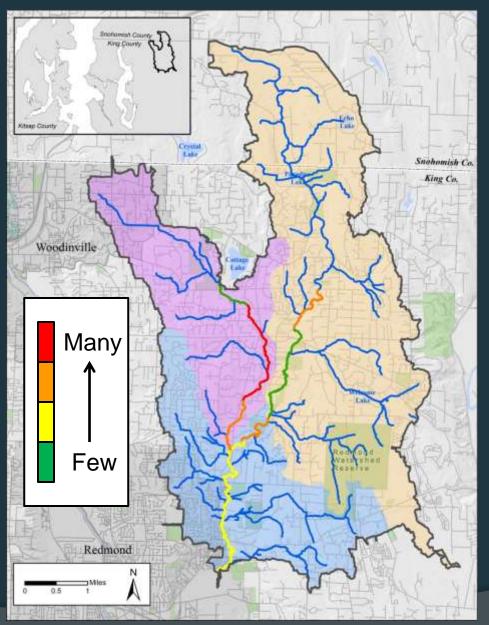




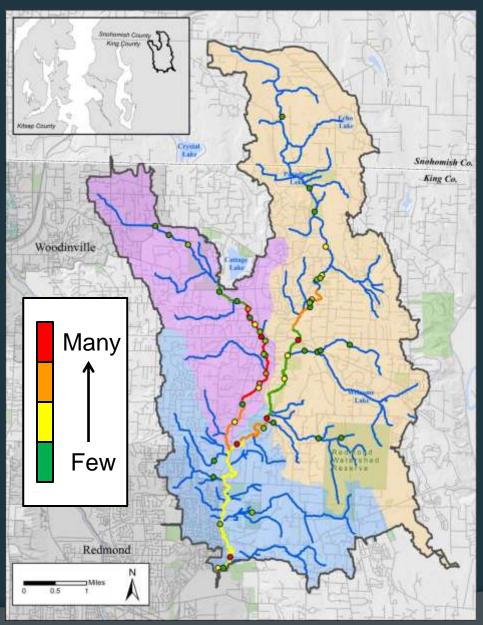




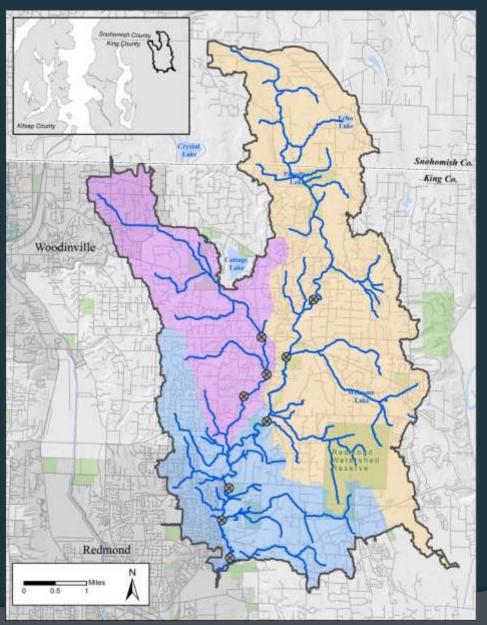
- Three sub-basin areas
 - Cottage
 - Upper Bear
 - Lower Bear



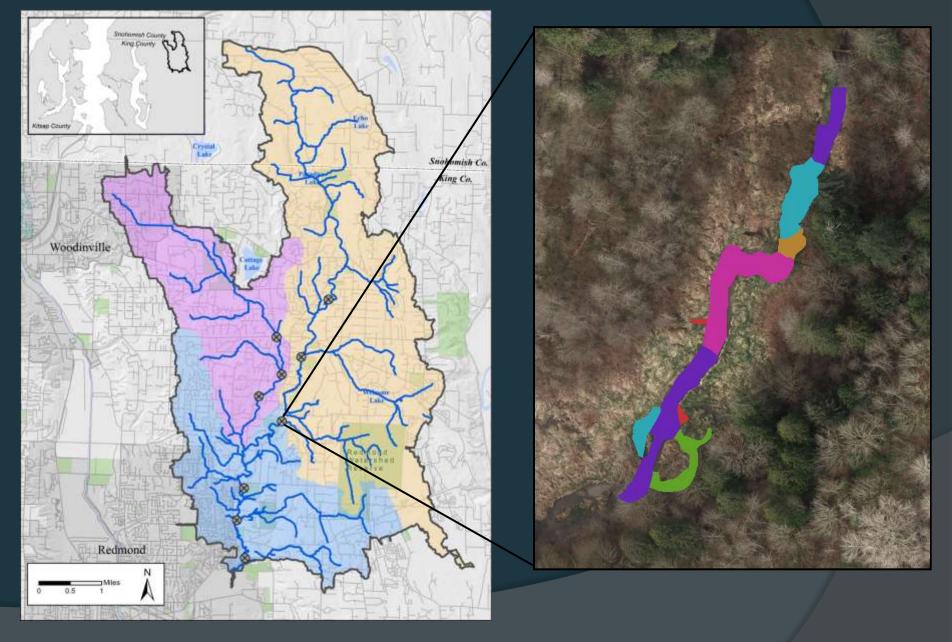
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 - Upper Bear
 - Lower Bear
- Salmonid redd distribution

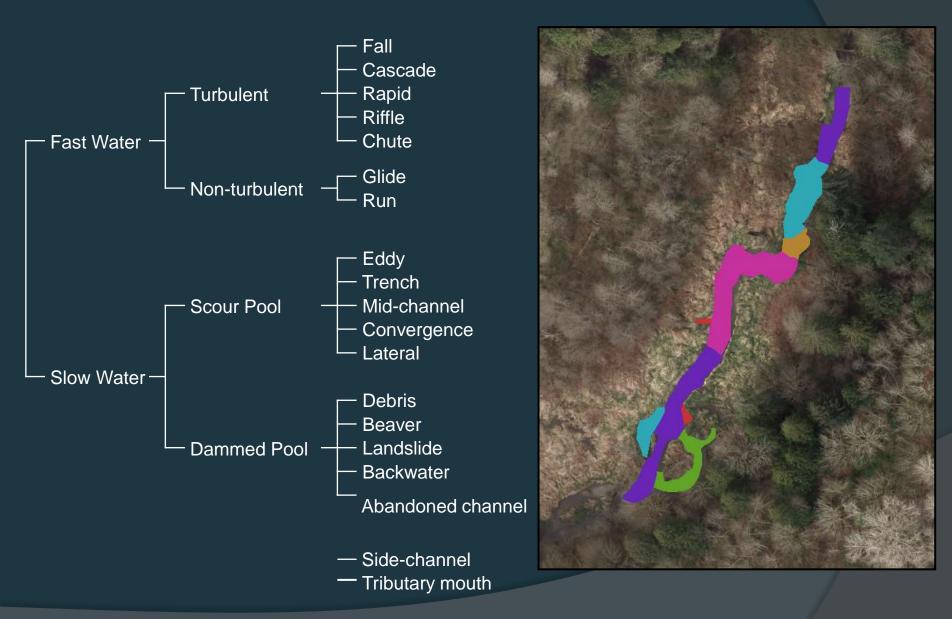


- Three sub-basin areas
 - Cottage
 - Upper Bear
 - Lower Bear
- Salmonid redd distribution
- Salmon watchers fish counts
- Landowner access



- Three sub-basin areas
 - Cottage
 - Upper Bear
 - Lower Bear
- Salmonid redd distribution
- Salmon watchers fish counts
- Landowner access
- Three sample sites per reach





Habitat and Fish Sampling

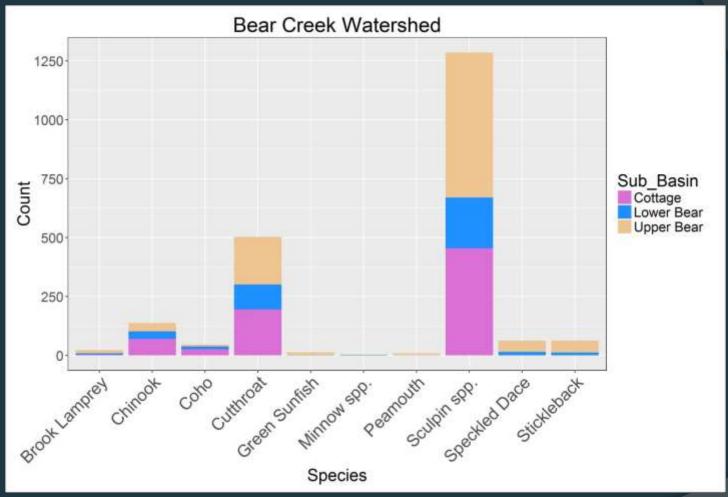
- Each habitat type was sampled within each sub-basin
- Habitats were sampled monthly from Feb June, 2016
- Backpack electrofishing methods used to collect fish
- Collected species, length, and weight data

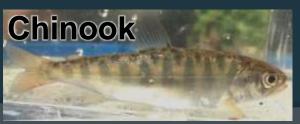




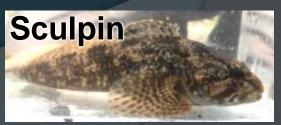


Catch by Sub-Basin

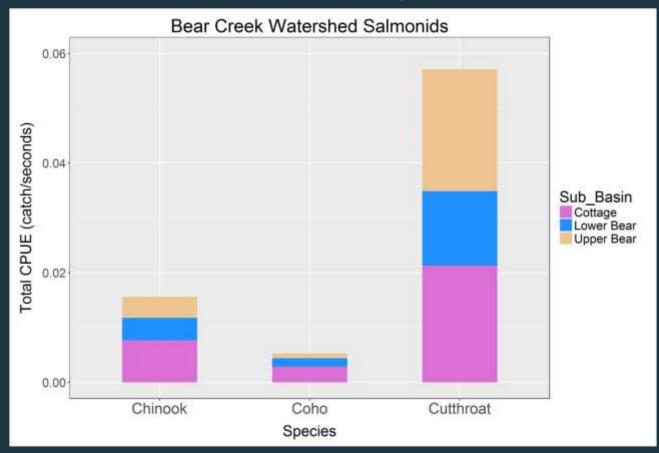


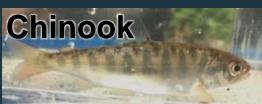






Salmonid Catch by Sub-Basin















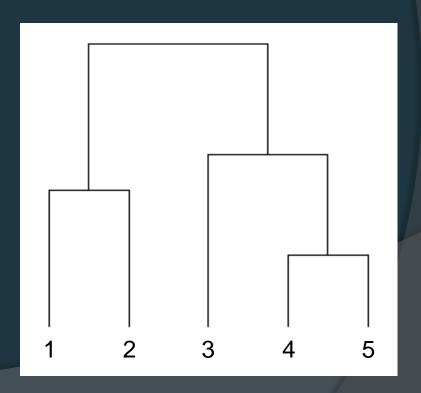
Juvenile Chinook Habitat Use

- Regression trees: recursive partitioning to separate a response variable into groups based on the values of explanatory variables
- Chinook CPUE ~ sub-basin + month + habitat type + fish cover

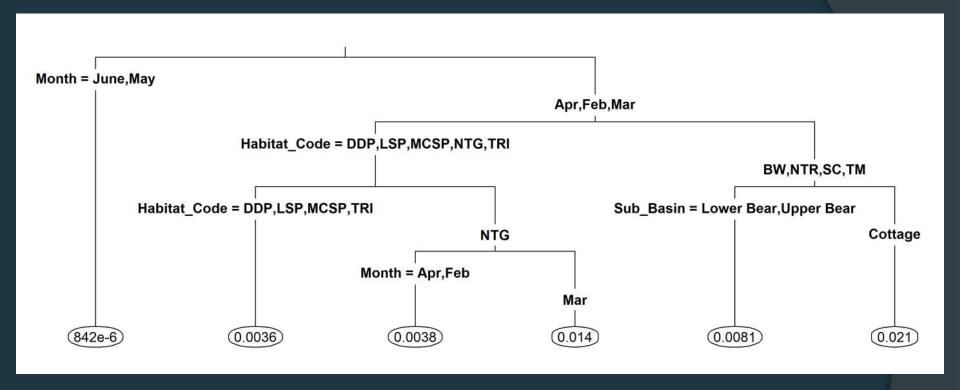
$$\mathsf{CPUE} = rac{\mathsf{Catch}}{\mathsf{Seconds}}$$





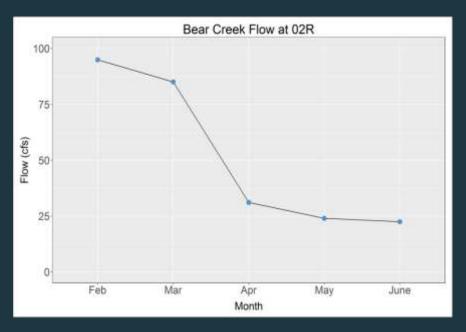


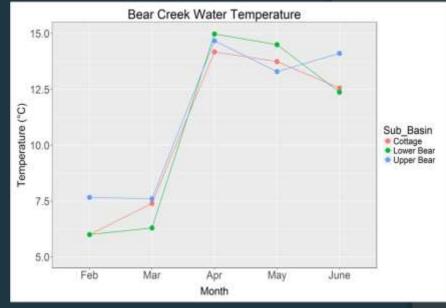
Juvenile Chinook Habitat Use



Month, habitat type, and sub-basin influenced observed Chinook CPUE

Juvenile Chinook Habitat Use





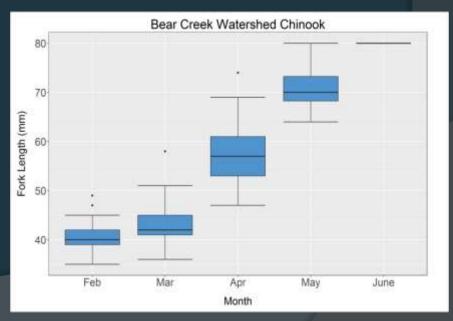
Bear Creek Chinook life stages

Fry (small – leave early)



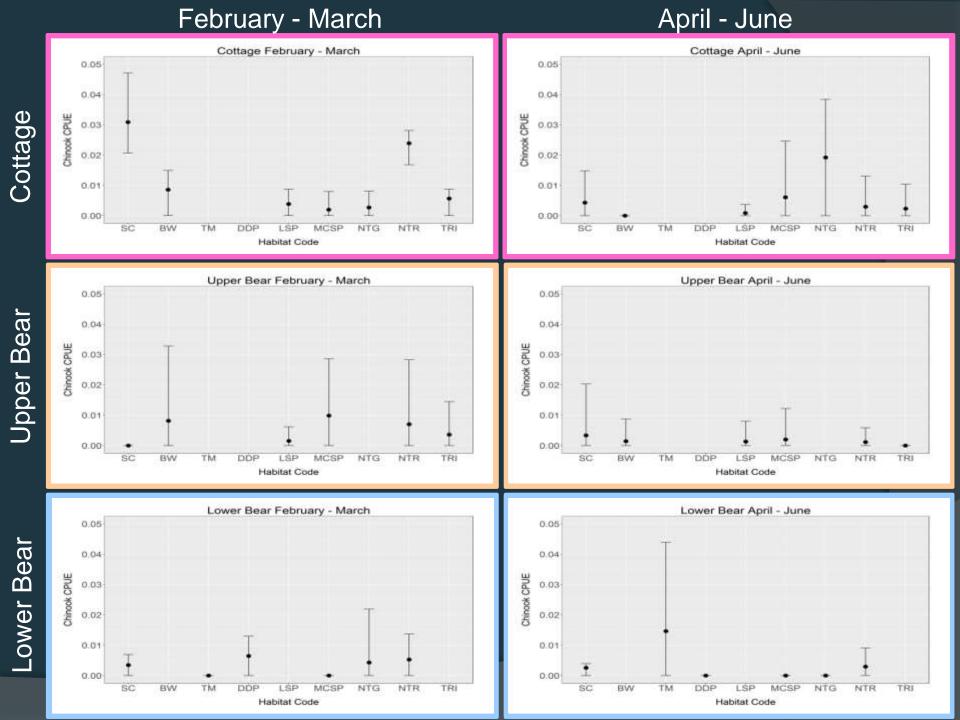
Parr (larger – leave later)



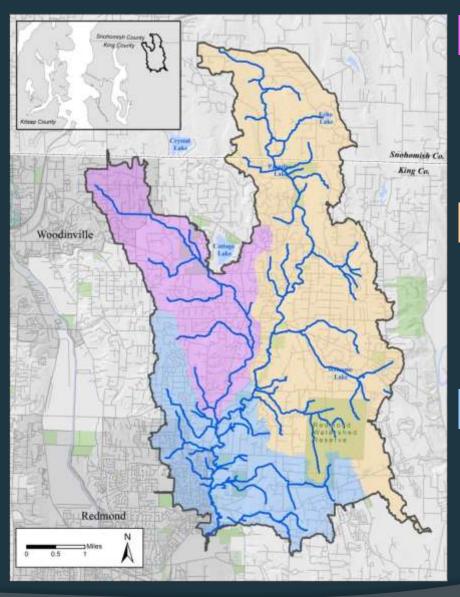


Habitat Codes

- SC = Side-channel
- BW = Backwater
- TM = Tributary mouth
- DDP = Debris-dammed pool
- LSP = Lateral scour pool
- MCSP = Mid-channel scour pool
- NTG = Non-turbulent glide
- NTR = Non-turbulent run
- TRI = Turbulent riffle



Existing Habitat Conditions



Cottage Lake Creek

- Moderate-higher quality
- Pool quality/quantity at risk
- More LWD but still below PFC

Upper Bear Creek

- Higher quality habitats
- LWD and pool quantity/quality below PFC

Lower Bear Creek

- Low-moderate habitat quality
- Poor LWD volume and frequency
- Loss of channel complexity and floodplain connectivity

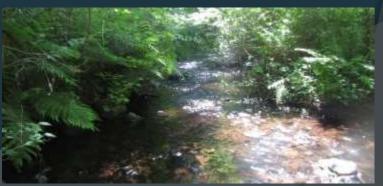
Study Results:

- A suite of habitat types support juvenile Chinook in the Bear Creek watershed
- The suite of habitats varies across months and sub-basins

Applications:

- Well-functioning riverine, floodplain, and riparian processes support a complete suite of habitat types
- Protect areas where conditions are closer to properly functioning and restore areas where conditions are degraded





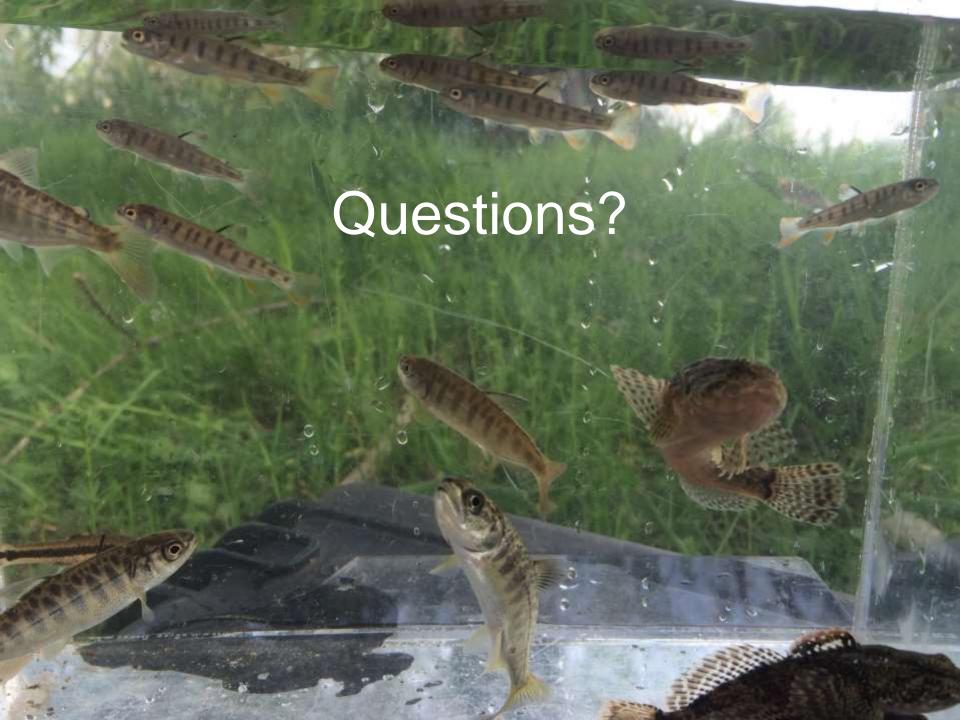
Special Thanks

- Landowners in Bear Creek
- Chris Gregersen
- Dan Lantz
- Jim Bower
- Jeff Burkey
- Kate Macneale
- Curtis DeGasperi
- Steven Brady
- Andrew Miller











Juvenile Coho Habitat Use

